

MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. V.—NO. 40.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, MAR. 23, 1894.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

J. W. BRADSHAW, Contractor and Builder—Sash and Doors made to order on short notice.

FRED. G. Herrler, Contractor and Builder, Estimates on Stone and Brick work, etc., Moose Jaw, Manitoba St. and Main.

J. G. GORDON, Barrister, Advocate, etc., Agent for the Manitoba and North West Loan Co., Office, High St. Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

BENJ. FLETCHER, Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate of Oxford's Veterinary College, District Veterinary Inspector, Office, opposite Walsh's Livery Stables, High Street.

D. P. F. SIZE, M. R. C. D. S., Surgeon-Dental, Regina, visits Moose Jaw at the Dining Hall on 20th of each month for the practice of his profession. (Sept. and Dec., 1894, 28th of each month.)

W. D. COWAN, L. D. S., D. D. S., Surgeon-Dental, of Regina, (graduate of the oldest Dental College in the world), visits Moose Jaw staying at the Dining Hall on the first Monday and following Tuesday of every month.

W. J. NELSON, Barrister, Advocate, Conveyancer, Main Street Moose Jaw, over E. A. Baker & Co.

WM. GRAYSON, Barrister, Attorney Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc., Office Main St. Moose Jaw, N. W. T., Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Company, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw Town Site.

I. O. F., Court Moose Jaw, No. 309, holds its regular meeting in Russell Hall, on the last Tuesday in each month, at 8 o'clock p.m. Every member is requested to attend.

Next regular meeting will be held on Tuesday, March 27th.

C. D. J. Christie, C.R. H. F. Dreyer, R.S.

SEYMOUR GREEN, Conveyancer, Process Issuer of the Supreme Court; Sub-Recorder of Stock Brands; Issuer Marriage Licenses; Government Land Guide; Insurance agent; School Debentures bought; Settlers located free; Homestead entries made; Full list of all lands open for entry in the Moose Jaw District; Farms for sale with from 50 to 200 acres under cultivation, easy payments; Lands put under the Torrens' Act and short forms of Indentures, Contracts, Leases, etc., drawn up at reasonable rates. C. P. R. and Hudson Bay lands for sale. Money to loan.

WHOLESALE
Wine, Liquor and Cigar Store.

DRINK and the Death Rate.

The British Medical Association appointed a committee to make enquiries, in order to ascertain the average age of the different categories of drinkers, that is to say, those who refrain completely from alcoholic drink, those who indulge more or less in moderation, and those who drink to excess. This committee has handed in its report. Its conclusions are drawn from 1231 deaths, which are divided into five categories of individuals, with the average of age attained by each:

Total abstainers,	51 yrs. 22 days
Careless drinkers,	39 " 67 "
Free drinkers,	37 " 59 "
Habitually temperate drinkers	63 " 13 "
Definitely intemperate drinkers	32 " 3 "

O. FIELD.

HITCHCOCK
&
McCULLOCH.
BANKERS
AND
FINANCIAL
AGENTS.

MOOSE JAW.

Agents.—Bank of Montreal.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, MAR. 23, 1894.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

T. W. ROBINSON.

SPRING

is approaching and with it brings to memory the need of a new Dress, New Shoes, New Gloves, New Hose, &c., &c.

We have taken great care and trouble this season in the selection of our Dress Goods, which we are now placing in stock, and feel confident that our customers, and the public generally, will find in them all the Newest, Nippiest and most Stylish Goods to be found in any market.

SPRING GOODS

of all kinds are arriving daily, which are all marked at Rock Bottom Prices. An inspection of our goods will, before purchasing elsewhere, convince you that what we say is right.



We have placed in stock two lines of Men's laced whole foxed Boots at \$1.90 and \$2.25 that are worth fully 50 per cent. more. They were made to order for a wholesale house who failed to take them, we secured them and our customers get the benefit.

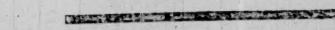


Remember we give you 10 per cent. for cash off all Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, &c.



To arrive this week: Car load of Lake of the Woods Milling Co.'s FLOUR, the BEST IN THE MARKET.

To arrive next week: Car load of POTATOES. Ask for quotations, to be delivered from car.



T. W. ROBINSON'S.

OPENING OF PARLIAMENT.

Fourth Session of the Sixth Parliament Opened by Lord Aberdeen.

OTTAWA, March 22.—The fourth session of the sixth parliament of Canada was opened by His Excellency, Lord Aberdeen, to day, at 3 o'clock. The attendance of members and visitors was larger than on any former occasion and the scene was more than usually brilliant. Escorted by a large number of the Princess Louise Dragoon Guards, the vice-regal party swept up Parliament Hill. His Excellency's state carriage, drawn by four horses with postillions stopped at the main entrance to the main building the signal for a royal salute by the guard of honor of the Governor-General's Foot Guards. In a few minutes the Governor-General, wearing the uniform of a Lord Lieutenant, took his seat on the throne.

MARCH 26TH.

The Black rod was despatched for the Commoners who assembled in the Senate chamber.

The customary address from the throne was then read (the full text of which will appear in the next issue of the TIMES).

To day in the House Sir James Grant moved the address. He eulogized our Lord and Lady Stanley (now Lord and Lady Derby) and Lord and Lady Aberdeen. He recited that it was 20 years since he had been in the House and sketched the progress since, his speech appropriate, eloquent and eloquent—one of the best speeches of the kind heard for years.

Mr. Laurier rose and congratulated mover and seconder of address. He then proceeded (the House sitting as he went on) to assign the Government. The speech was an admirable one.

Sir John Thompson followed with a powerful speech dealing with the Bringing Sea question, and to the conduct of the Opposition and several Conservative members during his absence last year at Paris.

Sir Richard Cartwright followed briefly and Dr. Macdonald moved the adjournment.

Prendergast Resisted.

CHICAGO, March 22.—Prendergast, the murderer of Mayor Harrison, has been resisted by the court until April 6. Shortly before midnight Judge Chetham decided that both under the common law and the revised statutes, the court had inherent power to prolong the date of execution of Assasina Prendergast, who was to have been hanged in the morning. The evidence, the court said, made out a prima facie case of insanity. It was apparent that midnight had been reached and the day of execution was already there the trial on the question of insanity could not be completed even if a jury was impanelled before the hour appointed for the hanging. It was due to the criminal jurisprudence of the state that this matter should have a calm, deliberate and careful consideration. The law plainly set down the fact that the court might prolong the time in a case of this kind, and it should not be said that a court was left powerless to act wisely because the hour of execution had almost arrived. He would therefore grant a stay of two weeks, until April 6, in which period the sanity of the prisoner would be carefully tried by a jury.

When the judge announced his decision a demoniacal yell took possession of Prendergast's countenance, and he turned from one face to another with a leer of satisfaction. He was quickly ushered out of the court room and returned to the jail.

CARMEL NEWS.

We understand that Mr. Reeve, of Marlborough, is busy drawing stone for an addition to his stone barn.

Captain Smith recently had a very large surprise party numbering about twenty-five guests. The captain's family was quite large when they all got gathered home. Some of the young ladies made them chess quite at home and a high old time was spent. Some of the guests wished Capt. Smith would give the sword exercise and put Mr. Langford through wife exercise. It was a very novel experience for some of the guests.

I see that the poor house over the hill has been taken away. We did not like to see the house leaving Carmel.

I understand that Mrs. R. Parsons has set sail to return to Moose Jaw again. She thinks home is not like it used to be.

We are pleased to see Mr. Briggs, of Minerva returning to his summer residence from the Qu'Appelle Valley. He looks quite fleshy.

I notice the people of Carmel looks quite sleepy lately.

The farmers around this neighborhood are very much pleased to hear that the seed grain is about to be given out.

Sons of the people were rather short rated on Sabbath but some went to the school house and some were taking short cuts towards the service house. There was quite a gathering on this occasion to listen to the excellent sermon of Rev. M. Abbott.

Mr. P. Hudson was seen driving with his team of ponies a few miles east a few days ago he looks very well. We wonder what the attraction is in that direction.

Mr. and Mrs. Langford entertained a number of the young and old people of Carmel on Friday evening of last week. Quite an enjoyable time was spent. Mrs. Langford gave a reading and was heartily encouraged. There were some good old songs by Mr. E. Eaton and others and lots of parlor games.

NEWS GATHERER.

Moose Jaw Early Closing Movement, Season of 1894.

We, the undersigned merchants, tradesmen and others of the Town of Moose Jaw, believing that in the past years that woud our employees have derived great benefit from adopting an early closing measure, hereby agree to close our respective establishments as follows: On Thursday, May 24 (Queen's Birthday); Monday, July 2nd (Dominion Day); and at six o'clock on each Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings and after Monday, April 2nd, until further notice. Evenings prior to public or civic holidays excepted.

Mr. Begue, Hugh Ferguson, M. J. MacLeod, J. U. Munro, I. M. Chalmers, W. W. Bobe, R. W. Timmins, E. Simpson & Co., R. E. Doran, B. L. Shaver, T. W. Robinson, E. Clarke, Wm. Grayson, W. J. Bradshaw, Paul Ostendorf, J. H. Grayson, John Bellamy, J. A. McDonald, G. H. Elgar, J. H. Bunnell, J. G. Gordon, W. E. Campbell, H. McDougall, Alex. Bechard, G. B. Wylie, John Brink, R. J. Head, J. McHugh, Seymour Green, C. A. Gast, The Moose Jaw Times, E. A. Baker & Co.

WONDERFUL WORDS.

Keep a guard on your words, my darling. For words are wonderful things; They are sweet like the balsam from balsam trees; like the bees they have terrible sting.

They can bless like the cheering multitude And brighten a lonely life;

They can cut in the strife of anger Like an open two-edge knife.

It's bitter, revengeful spirit.

Prompts the words, let them be unkind; They may flash through the brain like lightning;

Or fall on the heart like lead.

Keep them back if they are cold and cruel;

Under bar and lock and seal;

The wounds they make, my darling,

Are always slow to heal.

cheap castle.

J. Norris has purchased W. Cast's herd of about 122 head of cattle on his farm north of Prince Albert at \$10.00 per yearling, \$15. for two-year-olds and \$20 for all over two years old.—Edmonton Bulletin.

Hockey on Artificial Ice.

Winnipeg, March 11.—The Winnipeg hockey players have received an invitation from San Francisco to send two hockey teams to play exhibition games on artificial ice during the Midwinter Fair. The Winnipegers will go if satisfactory terms can be agreed on.

THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grays Block, Main Street.

Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

HAMILTON LANE, Editor and Proprietor,
Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

Schedule of Advertising Rates on
Application.

Advertisement of Wants, To Let, Lost,
Found, etc., when under 100 words will be inserted
for 50¢, subsequent insertions 25¢ each.
All transient advertisements such as No-
tices of Sales, Sheriff Sales, Assignments,
and also Investment and Corporation notices,
inserted once for 12 per line; subsequent inser-
tions 2¢—solid nonpareil measurement.

JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every
apparatus necessary for turning out first class
work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

The Moose Jaw Times

"Not clinging to some ancient saw,
Not mastered by some modern term,
Not swift nor slow to change; but firm.

FRIDAY, MAR. 23, 1894.

The Bowmansville-Slate man has the
following to say regarding the Patrons
of Industry:

We are not so gallible as to imagine
at a moment that the head push-
ers of the Patrons of Industry are
working simply for glory and the good
they can do their fellow farmers. These
official howlers are making big money
or we miss our guess. See here, Pat-
rons. You are all good at figuring on
the profits the middlemen get; have
you ever figured out this problem? The
leaders of the Patrons claim a mem-
bership of 175,000. Each Lodge pays \$3
for its charter, \$10 for the organizer,
and 40c annual capitation tax. The
gross receipts of the year as shown in
the grand treasurer's report are only
\$16,000. Omitting the Organizer's and
Charter fees, and merely counting the
capitation tax would show a mem-
bership of 175,000 a revenue of \$70,
000. What has become of the balance
between \$16,000 and \$70,000? \$54,-
000 is a nice nest egg. Say, toye,
where is the money gone?"

Meeting of Regina Presbytery

The Regina Presbytery met at Indian Head, March 13th. Present : Mr Matheson (Moderator), Messrs. Carmichael, Campbell McMillan, Welsh, McKechnie, McLeod, Muirhead, Scott, Reddon and Clay (ministers), and Messrs. Murray, Crawford and Beresford (elders). The Home Mission Committee's business was first taken up, and a number of special claims for fields passed. Grants for the ensuing half year were also passed. Owing to the constantly changing centre of population it was necessary to rearrange a number of mission fields. Rosedale was severed from the Lansdowne field and joined to Glen Adelaide. The Colleton field was divided and Duck Lake, Carleton, Willoughby and the Ridge made one field, while Collington, Island Lake and the Forks were grouped into another. The fields in the south-eastern part of the Presbytery were left to the oversight of the Convener, with Messrs. Cameron and Scott. A new field was opened nor-east of Wolseley. The Dakota settlement was annexed to Touewood. A deputation was appointed to visit the Grenfell field. The Carduff congregation was urged to seek some less expensive place of worship and to proceed with the building of a church as early as practicable. Grants to augmented congregations were then passed—in most cases a slight reduction on last year. A deputation from St. Andrew's church, Indian Head, stated that owing to the death or removal of several liberal contributors, and the fact of their immediate neighborhood being practically closed to new settlers, they were unable to raise the sum so far promised their pastor, and asked the Presbytery to take the whole matter into consideration. A committee having been appointed, the case was fully gone into and the following decision arrived at, viz.: That in view of the foregoing facts the stipend remain as it is for the next six months; that then the pastoral tie be dissolved and the congregation placed on the list of mission stations. In this decision all parties acquiesced, and Mr. Welsh tendered his

resignation to take effect October 1st, 1894. Mr. Campbell was appointed to visit the congregation and cite them to appear for their interest at the next meeting of the Presbytery. Circulars from Victoria and London Presbyteries intimated that application would be made to receive as ministers of this church Revs. Willard P. Anderson and Robert Ayward, B.A., ministers of the Baptist and Congregationalist churches respectively. Mr. Scott, of Oneway, was appointed to represent the Presbytery at the conference to be called to consider the changing of the bounds of the Presbyteries of the synod of Manitoba and N. W. Territories, minus from Buffalo Lake and Qu'Appelle asking that steps be taken to insure the ordination of Mr. John McAllister were received, when a committee was appointed to draft an overture to the assembly seeking power to license ministers to dispense ordinances. The resignation of Mr. Robson, of Fort Qu'Appelle, was received, and as he still pressed its acceptance he was on motion relieved of his charge after the 1st of April, and a committee appointed to draft a suitable minister on his retirement. Mr. Matheson was appointed Moderator of Fort Qu'Appelle session and Mr. Moore Moderator of Qu'Appelle Station. A deputation was appointed to visit the Cathcart field. The parts of the following standing committees were received and adopted: Statistics and Finance, the State of Religion, Temperance, and Sabbath Schools. In connection with the report on the State of Religion the following recommendations were adopted: (1) That a session be organized in every field. (2) That special attention be given to Bible class work. (3) Pastoral visitation and special services, the pastor being selected by some other member of the Presbytery. In connection with that on Sabbath Schools, (1) that more complete returns be made by Superintendents, (2) that the Home Study Leaflet and Teachers' Preparation Leaflet be used, (3) special prominence given to bringing children to a decision for Christ and church, (4) increased contribution to the work of General Assembly's committee. The report on Temperance recommended (1) that the educational authorities be urged to make scientific instruction on temperance obligatory in all public schools; (2) that action be called to the reported beneficial results of the abstinence of alcoholism. Mr. Muirhead was appointed Treasurer vice Mr. Robson. Dr. G. L. M. Kau, Farness, was nominated Moderator of General Assembly, and the following Commissioners appointed: Messrs. McMillan, McKechnie, Matheson, Carmichael and Clay (ministers), and Messrs. Crawford Marion, Motherwell, Hon. D. Laird and John Clay (elders). Messrs. Wilshire and Graham were received as students for the ministry under the care of the Presbytery and recommended for work. Reports from Assembly were considered and approved. Mr. Skeen, of Five Hills school, addressed the Presbytery on his work among the Indians. The next meeting of Presbytery was appointed to be held in Regina on the second Wednesday of July.

W. L. CLAY, Clerk.

C. E. WRIGHT'S CASE.

He was a Doubting Thomas.—Did not Think Dodd's Kidney Pills Would Cure his Backache, but they did.

PENETANGUISHENE, March 19.—If any person in this neighborhood had any doubts as to the curative properties of Dodd's Kidney Pills, the case of Mr. C. E. Wright, the well known butcher here, ought to dispel such doubts. Mr. Wright was troubled for some years with a severe pain in the back and kidney disease. He was reluctant to use the pills but was finally persuaded to do so. Today he is cured of his kidney trouble and is loudly singing the praise of the remedy. Dodd's Kidney Pills are manufactured by Dr. L. A. Smith & Co., and are sold by all dealers or will be mailed on receipt of price: fifty cents per box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

Jackson Looks up Again.

MASILLON, March 16.—The late Louis Riell's private secretary during the latter's rebellion in the Canadian Northwest has written to Commander

Coxey, of the "Army of the unemployed" which contemplates marching on Washington. His name is Honore Jaxon (Jackson) of Chicago, a sidewalk contractor and he wants to join the army in the uniform of a horse and cowboy. He also expresses a desire to be accompanied by an Indian and a thousand or two of Chicago's unemployed men. Coxey has written to Jaxon to come on but says nothing about the unemployed. He says he wants neither tramps nor fools in his army. He has written to the Central Traffic association at Chicago for a cut rate ticket for the men who are to join him. If Jackson comes here he will be given the rank of Lieutenant on the staff of the commander. Many letters were received to day endorsing the congressional bills drawn by Coxey and assuring him of aid for his army in the long march to Washington.

Jackson will be remembered in this country as the young man who acted as Riel's secretary at the time of the Northwest trouble in 1885. He was arrested and sent to the asylum on a charge of insanity, but subsequently escaped and left the country. His home was at Prince Albert. That he is eccentric is evident by the change he has made in his name.

The Manchester Ship Canal. Newspapers in Liverpool are already beginning to cry down the Manchester ship canal. They declare that as a ship canal it is a huge delusion. It will, they admit, do well enough for barges, but as a waterway for ocean-going ships, they pronounce it to be a failure. The progress of the ship-going through the canal is so slow that passengers, unless they take a powerful narcotic before they enter it, will never put up with the delay. Captains of vessels, it is averred, who have made the passage of the canal, hope that they will never be required to do so again. Accidents have occurred because steamers in passing through the canal are obliged to move so slowly that they cannot get steerage way. It is reported that the steamer Grampus was 26 hours in going through the canal. The report and predictions may be, and very probably are, the inventions and exaggerations of envy and jealousy."

THE NORTHWEST SCHOOL LAW. OTTAWA, March 14.—Premier Haultain, of the Northwest Territories, who is here, when asked if the Assembly was likely to comply with the request attached to the order in Council sanctioning the Northwest school ordinance, said there was no specific request on the part of Government to make the regulations easier. The Cabinet had listened to the petitions for the vetoing of the ordinance, but could find no grievance of such importance as to call for its disallowance. The order in Council, he says, stipulated that there was such a grievance, then the regulations be amended, and was in the form of a suggestion. When reminded that a suggestion from such an official source might mean a good deal, Mr. Haultain said he did not think so; it meant to him just what it said.

A New Antidote.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 15.—At 9 o'clock last night George Dundee took five ounces of calomelum with suicidal intent. A physician used all the ordinary means for resuscitation, but with no avail. As a last resort Dundee was removed to the Homoeopathic hospital. Notwithstanding the fact that the wound by suicide was close to the face and his nervous system painful, Drs. Morland and Gregg resolved to try the newly discovered antidote—per centaevate of potash. The doctors had no data to go on and so they only use experimental doses of the remedy. With the fifth injection the muscles began to contract. Seven injections in all were made and then the patient was pronounced out of danger.

A Tyrannical Measure.

The dress reform movement has taken a novel turn in Chicago. Herefore women themselves have been agitating for the freedom of short skirts and have been railing against the tyranny of man, who is supposed to persist in ordering these garments long. But when the manager of the main Chicago telephone exchange the other day promulgated an edict that all girls employed in the Chicago exchanges should in future wear their skirts so that they will clear the floor by three inches, there was an explosion of indignation. The vibration wherof on the telephone wires demoralized the service for the rest of the day.

James Brass

BRICK MANUFACTURER.

Makes the only Red Brick in
the Territories.

Manitoba Street. — Moose Jaw

R. BOGUE.

HARDWARE.



New DRY GOODS arriving daily

Ready Made Clothing,

Boots and Shoes,

CROCKERY AT COST.

Paints and Oils,

Window Glass,

Groceries,

Flour and Feed.

Full stock of first-class

POTATOES

HATS and CAPS arriving.

LAURANCE'S SPECTACLES.

Sewing Machines, Second-hand

Top Buggy, a number of Native Ponies and Oxen, all will be sold at

LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH

H. McDougall

When we assert that

Dodd's

Kidney Pills

Cure Backache, Dropsy, Lumbago, Bright's Disease, Rheumatism and all other forms of Kidney Troubles, we are backed by the testimony of all who have used them.

THE CURE TO STAY CURED.

By all druggists or mail on receipt of price
Dr. L. A. Smith & Co.

SHAVING

PARLOUR

SHAVING

HAIR CUTTING,

SHAMPOOING.

H. W. CARTER.

VIGOR OF MEN

Early, Quickly, Permanently Restored.



LIVERY, FEED

Ottawa Hotel.

AND

SALE STAPLES

By all druggists or mail on receipt of price
Dr. L. A. Smith & Co.

Premises High Street.

William Walsh, Owner.

WILSON AND CO. ALB

R. H. W. HOLT,

PROPRIETOR.

Fashionable Tailor.

Full lines of all the

LATEST STYLES

WORSTEDS, TWEEDS,

SERGE, PANTINGS,

OVERCOATINGS,

Etc., Etc.

Rooms Lighted with Electric Light.

First-Class Liquors & Cigars.

Every Convenience for the Travelling Public.

River Street-West.

Thoroughly Refitted and
Renovated in every Department.

House Refurnished
Throughout.

Main Street. Moose Jaw.

J. H. KERN, - PROPRIETOR

Simple Precautions That May Keep Away Disease.

The Boston Transcript advises the following simple precautions, which, it says may be the means of averting serious disease.

"Don't put any money in your mouth. It is the only dirty place where one who is in the habit of putting money there, only comes out with a sore mouth and ulcerated. You see even green backs, that are sold so far from home, and may be free from disease, is held between her lips by some girl while she searches for a nickel to pay her car fare with, or stringies with her bundles. If she could see what it is she has placed in her mouth, she would be cured of the habit once for all."

Don't often put candy in your mouth. Investigations in dentistry show that decayed teeth are the work of a microorganism that breeds and flourishes just that particular acid which the distillation of sugar produces. In proportion as food contains starch and sugar are they likely to affect the teeth and candy the proportion of decay at the maximum. A prominent dentist cites the case of a working confectioner who, by the time he reached middle life, had not a tooth left. His teeth were fragile to begin with, and he had been living in an atmosphere most favorable to their decay.

Don't put your bare hands in the straps furnished in the street car for the overflow of passengers. Turn one of these straps inside out, in any car not fresh from the shop, and the reason will be plain. Handled as they are by all sorts and conditions of men, they are ready carriers of disease. The abraded skin of your finger may touch an infected spot, or dangerous bacteria may be transferred, at the next motion of the hand, to the delicate issues of the mouth or eyes.

Don't use public drinking vessels.

Don't use the towelettes provided for general use in public lavatories, men's restaurants, and some houses in cities. A specialist in diseases of the eye at Buffalo investigated this use for the use of pupils in the public schools of that city, with a view to discovering how far they might be a source of contagion. A square foot of toweling which had moderate use was found to contain from thirty-five to fifty million bacteria. They included the bacillus of several contagious diseases, and among them those of a serious affection of the eye. It is not generally known that blindness is increasing in this country four times as fast as the population, and that the increase is due largely to a contagious disease of the eyes which is spread by just such means.

Hairy Men of Japan.

At a meeting of the Anthropologist Institute Miss Isabella Bird (Mrs. Bishop), the well known traveler, read an interesting paper on the Ainos of Japan, that singular race of "hairy men" who are chiefly found in the Island of Yesso. Miss Bird spent some time in a village of Ainos near Volcano Bay, studying their manners and customs, and she illustrated her lecture with specimens of dresses, utensils, and weapons, as well as with illustrations, some drawn by herself and others taken from Japanese art, which shows how curiously the types of the Ainos have caricatured the types of the Japanese in a certain extent. Miss Bird could decide whether or not the Ainos were the original inhabitants of Japan. Some of the savages say that they themselves originated in an earlier race of cave dwellers. There is no doubt, however, that they were conquered by the Japanese. They range from 5 feet 4 inches to 5 feet 6 inches in height, are strongly built and muscular, and in some instances, especially among the mountain Ainos, are thickly covered all over, except their feet and hands and one or two other parts of the body, with short black hair.

Even children show a thick brown fell. The women are hairy like the men, and have dark skin, where it is not, scaled by dirt," for, according to Miss Bird, these people never wash, except for feasts or festivals, and then only the hands or feet. The men have fine high foreheads, but Miss Bird wonders what they contain, for she has never met a stupider people. The average weight of their brains is about forty-one ounces.

They are hunters of the bear and other wild animals and are jungle gardeners. They live on almost everything that is not poisonous, vegetable or animal, from slugs to beetles, and acarite is a "bushy worm" which they eat raw. "To me," the phrase of Miss Bird, "it is a treat to eat it from beetles." The Aino gourmets remanded the whole worm.

There are many large houses, all of which have a single room, a step up on platform, and a hole in the roof. Until the arrival of the Japanese, the houses were completely isolated, but now the Japanese have come in, and the natives' clothes are becoming more and more like those of the Japanese, who are very fond of laundry.

The Ainos are a very plodding and gentle, with a singularly sweet smile, but very little head outside their own business, and, in general, they have a sad and pathetic bearing. They are religious, believing in many gods, to which they offer libations of "saki"—that is, rice wine. "Saki" is like to prove their ruin. They are dying out in spite of the humane efforts of the Japanese Government to preserve them—London Globe.

Our Great American "Dr."

Mr. Dewey is a typical American. He possesses humor, courage, magnetism, practical ability, the executive faculty, boundless good nature and tact, and a way peculiarly his own of permeating the domain of journalism, politics and business. Causing is faded and ubiquitous. He is adroit, dexterous, with arms, legs and sinews.

Not contented with the honey and was which the bees yield, the Cingalese eat the insects themselves.

The Chinese are fond of the larvae of species of hawk moth, some of which, according to Dr. Erasmus Darwin, are very delicious.

White ants are much prized as food in various parts of Africa. The Hottentots eat them both raw and cooked, and thrive wonderfully on them.

In India and the East Indies the natives mix white ants with flour, and make them into pastry, which is considered to be highly nutritive.

The wire worm, the larva of a small beetle, is eaten in large quantities by Turkish women, and the Chinese also eat some species of worms.

Batrachian Necessities.

All the car works and locomotive shops in the country are busy trying to fill the orders for 1,500 new passenger coaches and 400 new locomotives to be delivered to roads centering at Chicago by May 1, 1883.

It is estimated that the outlay for additional rolling stock and motive power by

the Chicago roads alone will not fall short of \$7,000,000.—Bridgeport Standard.



Colgan & Bates

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

RIVER STREET WEST.

Every Accommodation For the Traveling public.

First-Class Livery Rig's For Hire

HAY FOR SALE.

WEIGH SCALES IN CONNECTION

NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

—O—

The Popular Route

—TO—

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS,

—AND—

CHICAGO

And all points in the United States and Canada; also the Kootenai Gold Mines.

—O—

Pullman Palace Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars

ON EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY TO

TORONTO, MONTREAL, Etc.

and all points in Eastern Canada, via St. Paul and Chicago.

An opportunity to pass through the celebrated St. Clair Tunnel. Baggage is checked through in bond and there is no customs examination.

OCEAN PASSAGES

And ships seem to and from Great Britain, Europe, China and Japan. All first class steamship lines are represented.

Great Transcontinental Route to the Pacific Coast.

For tickets and further information apply to Chas. S. Fee, general passenger and ticket agent, St. Paul; H. Swinford, general agent, Winnipeg.

H. J. BELCH,

Ticket Agent, 486 Main St., Winnipeg.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

The Cheapest and Quickest

ROUTE

To the

COUNTRY

SAILING DATES.

FROM HALIFAX

Argonaut Allyn Line.....Mar. 17

Orion-Dominion Line.....Mar. 20

Vancouver—Dominion Line.....Mar. 24

FROM NEW YORK

Trenton—White Star Line.....Mar. 7

State of California.....Mar. 8

State of Nebraska.....Mar. 22

Cabin \$45, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80.

In Europe, \$40, \$50, Steerage \$21.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland and at special low rates to all parts of the European continent. Prepaid passage arranged from all points.

Apply to nearest Railway or Steamship Agent,

J. K. STEVENSON, Agent, Moose Jaw.

Or to ROBERT KERR, General Passenger Agent, Winnipeg

SETTLERS

SETTLEMENTS

CALL AND SEE MY STOCK OF

STOVES AND FUN

Eavetroughing, Roofing and General Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

AGNT FOR

The : Alaska : Sientific : and : Superior : Jewel : FURNACES

THE BEST FURNACES MADE IN CANADA.

Estimates Furnished for Heating Buildings of any size.

PERSONS REquiring HOT AIR FURNACES call for Estimates

REFERENCES—C. A. GASS, JOHN RUTHERFORD,

JOHN BRASS

Main Street

Next Door Post Office

IMPORTANT

TO PERSONS WITH

IMPAIRED SIGHT!

I have this day purchased a complete set of B. LAURANCE'S Spectacles and Eye Glasses, to suit every sight. I use for fitting B. Laurance's test and I am in a position to assert that I can fit any person whose sight is impaired. These celebrated Spectacles will be sold at Eastern Prices.

W. W. BOLE.



To Toronto, Montreal, New

York and all points east.

Vancouver, Victoria, Tad-

cosa, San Francisco and

Pacific Coast Points.

AUSTRALIA

FROM VANCOUVER.

S. S. WARRIMOO.....Mar. 16

S. S. ARAWA.....Apr. 16

CHINA AND JAPAN

From Vancouver

Impress of China.....Mar. 16

Impress of India.....Apr. 16

Empress of Japan.....Apr. 16

For full information apply to

J. K. STEVENSON,

A. ———— the Jaw, or to

ROBERT KERR,

General Passenger Agent.

W. W. BOLE,

General Passenger Agent.

The

North-Western

Line

Note the following from the World's Fair in the Philippines:

Stomach, Liver, Lung and Sick Stomach, Sick Liver, Diabetes, Viper-Bash, Heartburn, Vertigo and Dizziness, Scurvy, Dysentery, Diabetic Diabetes, etc.

The Stomach suffers more than any of the other organs from disease, because it takes so many indigestible and irritating substances as articles of food. In its great effort to digest these, it soon becomes weakened and diseased. Under such circumstances, it is not wonderful that so many complain of Indigestion and weak stomachs. When the Stomach fails to digest and assimilate the food, the whole body falls into a state of weakness and decay, for Nature has decreed that the body must constantly receive nutriment through the Stomach, to repair the waste of tissue constantly going on in the system.

The South American Nervine

Is probably the greatest remedy ever discovered for the cure of all Chronic Stomach troubles, because it acts through the nerve centres. It gives

marked relief in one day, and very soon effects a permanent cure. The first bottle will convince anyone that it is certain.

WHAT EX MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT, REUBEN

DE TRUX, SAYS.

I have been for about ten years very much troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia, have tried a great many different kinds of patent medicines, and have been treated by a number of physicians and found no benefit from them. I was recommended to try SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE. I obtained a bottle, and I must say I have found very great relief, and have since taken two more bottles, and now feel that I am entirely free from indigestion and would strongly recommend any fellow sufferers from the disease, to give SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE an immediate trial.

WILL A REMEDY WHICH CAN EFFECT SUCH A MARVELLOUS CURE AS THE ABOVE, CURE YOU?

A MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL SPEAKS.

PETERSON, Ontario, June 27, 1883.

GENTLEMEN: I received a letter from you May 27,

stating that you had heard of my wonderful recovery

from a spell of sickness of six years duration through

the use of SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE, and asking

for my testimonial. I will gladly state how I was cured

and how I was delivered from my pain and suffering.

My physician treated me with various prescriptions. Our family physician treated me with various prescriptions. My system seemed to be entirely shattered, and I constantly had very severe shaking spells. In addition to this I had frequent fits of convulsions, and would be from eighteen to twenty days at a time.

At last I lost the use of my body—could not rise from my bed, walk a step, and had to be lifted like a child; all the time suffering intense pain, and taking almost every known medicine.

Part of the time I could not sleep at all, and had to take opium.

By the time I had taken one and one-half bottles I could rise up and take a step or two by being helped, and after I had taken five bottles I could rise up and walk a few steps.

As I got stronger, I could walk better, and gradually I could eat and sleep good, and my friends could scarcely believe it was so.

I am sure this medicine is the best in the world.

It was a god's gift to me, and I believe it saved my life.

I give my name and address, so that if anyone doubts my statement they can write me, or our postmaster, or any citizen, as all are acquainted with my case.

I am now forty-one years of age, and expect to live as long as the Lord has for me and do all the good I can in helping the suffering.

Mrs. ELLEN STODD.

Will a remedy which can effect such a marvellous cure as the above, cure you?

A MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL SPEAKS.

PETERSON, Ontario, June 27, 1883.

DEAR SIR:—I have much pleasure in recommending the great

SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE to all who are afflicted as I have been,

with nervous prostration and indigestion. I found very great relief

from the very first bottle, which was strongly recommended to me by my druggist.

I also induced my wife to use it, who, I must say, was

completely run down and was suffering very much from neuralgia.

She found great relief from SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE,

and also cheerfully recommends it to her fellow sufferers.

(My Signature)

Rev. W. S. Barker

Sick Headache.

Is dependent on deranged nerve centres and indigestion. Hence its cure

must come through building up the Nervous System and curing the Stomach.

SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE will absolutely cure this dreaded malady and prevent its return.

For Sale by W. W. BOLE,

Mouse Jaw, N. W. F.

